

ATHIC TIMES

Duncan Hannah



7 FOREWORD

BARRY BLINDERMAN

- 9 TIME TRAVELS
 ESSAY BY LAURIE DAHLBERG
- 16 COLOR PLATES
- 41 THE ARCHITECTURE
 OF INNOCENCE
 INTERVIEW BY BARRY BLINDERMAN
- 50 BIOGRAPHY
- 52 BIBLIOGRAPHY
- 54 LENDERS
 TO THE EXHIBITION
- 55 CHECKLIST
 OF THE EXHIBITION

Wandering through a room full of Duncan Hannah paintings spanning the past decade, I am struck by the consistency of vision, the whispers and winds of other times and places. Hannah's canvases — the lush yet melancholy palette, the stillness of Poussin, the faraway grace of Puvis de Chavannes — are dreams of a restless soul brought to life. Charting a path toward sanctuary walked by many an orphan of the 20th century, Hannah paints what Jack Kerouac termed "lostness," the detachment from time and surroundings through which one tunes in to a quiet inner station.

Viewing Hannah's trains and houses, children and trees suffused in electric twilight, we partake of moments singled out like pearls on a string — all connected yet each distinctive. To truly enter Hannah's sanctums of solitude, one must be willing to check cynicism at the door and allow an unfettered exhilaration to be the reward.

This exhibition and catalogue are the result of generous contributions of time and effort by many people. I should first like to thank my staff at University Galleries for their collective dedication and individual abilities: Laurie Dahlberg, Curator, who authored the wonderful catalogue essay, co-curated the exhibition, and administered the loans of artwork; Education Director Peter Spooner, who produced superb educational materials for the show and organized the fine ancillary exhibition of Modernist works to complement Duncan's work; Assistant to the Director Teresa Buescher-Borman, for her attention to the details of the exhibition and catalogue; Carrie Stapleton, who transcribed my interview with the artist; our graduate assistants Anna-Maria Watkin and Patrick McDonnell, who coordinated the installation of the exhibition; and to our student interns Debra Spencer, Suzanne Silagi, Paula Swearingen, John Carney, Tracey Frugoli, Marianne Alexander and Suzanne Galusha, who enthusiastically took care of all the large and small tasks heaped upon them.

I would also like to thank Charles Cowles, Sara Blumberg and the staff of Charles Cowles Gallery, for their invaluable assistance in arranging the many details of loan procurement, shipping and photography of works on the New York end; Jon Oulman and Sara Fitzmaurice of Jon Oulman Gallery for their assistance with Minneapolis loans and other materials; Bill Dooley, Director of the Moody Gallery at the University of Alabama in Tuscaloosa, for sharing my appreciation of Duncan's work enough to host the exhibition at his institution; to Karen Smalley, who provided archival materials and assistance with the interview; to Ron Jagger of Phyllis Kind Gallery for providing assistance and photography; to Kathleen Jones and Bob Erickson of the Krannert Museum of Art at the University of Illinois and Matthew Kubiek and Sandra Beye of the Bloomington Public Library for their assistance regarding the loan of paintings and prints for our ancillary historical exhibition; and to the generous lenders of the works in the exhibition

Thanks are also due to those people who contributed so much talent and service to the execution of the catalogue and poster: to Jean Foos, who designed the poster; to Jeanne Lee of ISU Printing Services, who worked tirelessly to finish the typesetting in record time; to Dan Addington, our designer, who dropped everything to help us meet our publication deadline; and to Tom Nauman of Wagoner Printing, whose attention and patience throughout the project will earn him a special place in Printer's Heaven.

Finally, I am grateful to Duncan Hannah, for his dedication to this project, for his many helpful suggestions, and for sharing with all of us his vision of the mythic times in which we live.

FOREWORD

BY BARRY BLINDERMAN

TIME TRAVELS

BY LAURIE DAHLBERG

Less disappointing than life, great works of art do not begin by giving us all their best.

- Marcel Proust, Within a Budding Grove, 1919

We have come to expect a great deal from contemporary art; it should provoke us, entertain us, challenge our intellect, permit us to cleverly detect its lineage (but never appear derivative), and briefly allow us to enjoy the fantasy that maybe after all, there is something new under the sun. Sometimes in our rush to consume its outward presentation, we neglect the point that good art is not simply a delivery; the viewer's own intelligence, emotion and experience provide the catalyst for the realization of its purpose. Duncan Hannah's paintings induce musings upon an inner life; stopping short of this invitation for self-reflection, we may marvel at his obvious love for laying down brushwork and color, track his many modernist influences, or puzzle over his intentions, but miss the point of his work entirely.

Hannah's work creates psychological, interior space—imaginary, magical scenarios that we may have experienced in reality, daydream, or vicariously—through books, movies or someone else's reminiscence. He provides for us a haven where we can stage our greatest desires, re-enact our memories, changing the outcome, if we like—a place where even threat and uncertainty—often just as important to the potency of a good fantasy—are controlled by ourselves. Hannah's paintings contain the impetus for a personal, private reverie; they may offer us the scene, the props or the characters, but insist we supply our own plot.

You can dream freely... when looking at a painting. When you read a book, you are a slave of the author's thought.

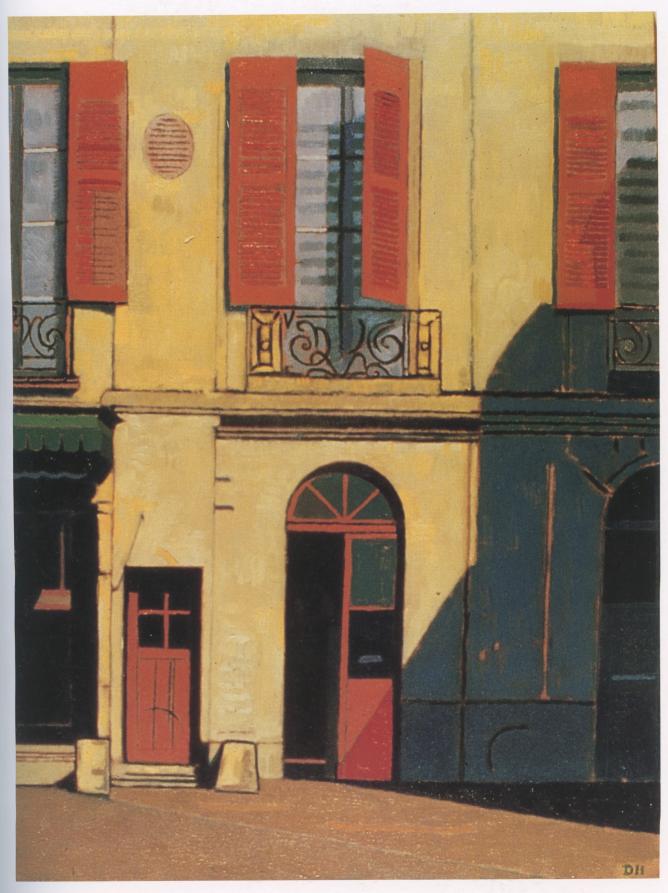
Paul Gauguin, 'Notes Synthetiques,' c.1888

Some books have pictures and some pictures have books.

- R.B. Kitaj, in Cambridge Opinion, 1964

Strictly speaking, Hannah is considered a narrative or literary painter. However, rather than fulfilling our expectations of the storytelling function of "narrative," his work compares more suitably with a single line of poetry or prose. In this respect, Hannah possesses consumate skill in showing us worlds in a few glass marbles. For in Hannah's work, landscapes are not simply interpretations of the natural world, architecture is not merely a descriptor in a scene, and human beings are not just characters. Instead, these elements, though they may hold a practical place in the composition, possess a latent animism lurking behind their painted facades. So taken in the spirit of suspended reality which is requisite in viewing Hannah's paintings, the pair of sheep in The Border (1988) assume anthropomorphic qualities that hint at some passing spell or Kafkaesque transformation; the foreboding, vertiginous Blue Staircase (1987) exerts a compelling force upon us to ascend to an unknown, perhaps chilling fate; and in Spellbound (1986) the state of enchantment which saturates the child and the landscape seems to emanate from a curiously empty, though self-possessed house.

To move from one point to another—mentally or physically—to leave certainty behind and allow yourself to see through fresh eyes, or to return to a familiar place, and see it again through your cumulative experience—crossing territories known and unknown helps us develop a psychological



Mediterranean, 1981, 44 x 32 inches



Night Flight, 1982, 48 x 60 inches

BB: I've always felt that although you don't paint the Hudson River, your feeling for that area carries over into your work. You went to school at Bard College on the Hudson, and you certainly must have been moved by that experience. Do you feel a kind of spiritual closeness with the area?

DH: Yes, all my dreams take place there. The dorms at Bard are 19th century mansions covered in ivy, overlooking the Hudson with the blue Catskills in the distance. I was sort of a pantheistic dandy among sixhundred hipsters in Arcadia. The sixties had just ended and disillusion had not yet set in. Maybe that's where I got the idea of landscape as a place to lose your mind. We did a lot of experimentation there, in the woods, by the waterfall, in the deserted village—getting high, getting off. Whistler said that every painter needs a river, and the Hudson has been mine for twenty years now. I'm still only two blocks from it.

BB: You say you dream a lot about Bard and the Hudson River. What kind of dreams are they?

DH: Well, I'm in the womb of nature, and I have to get from one place to another—for an erotic rendezvous, which usually doesn't take place.

BB: Nature seems to be a very soft, sexy, lush, secret place for you.

DH: Yes. Secret, comforting, safe—as oppossed to New York City. Yes, I think of it as a safe harbor.

BB: A lot of your paintings present figures not in awe of nature, but with expressions of an inner daydream.

DH: I always think of landscape as a place where drama happens, whether its a pantheistic drama, a sexual drama, or a decisive spiritual drama. I like the human presence or the implied human presence.

BB: In your paintings, you put things in a different time to try to get to a different, unspoiled place of the imagination. You offer the viewer a shift, you take them back to a time where they could think about innocence.

DH: Yes, that's true. I carve off a lot of contemporary life to get at what Iwant. I don't necessarily go back—most of my paintings could take place today, and while they don't relate to my life in New York City, they do relate to my interior life.

BB: As in the painting *Ring Around The Rosie*, the time of your childhood seems to be your reference point, a time when you still had prop planes and so on, but never BMWs or digital watches.

DH: It's an archetype for me. For instance, when I think of a schoolgirl, I think of a plaid skirt and white socks, mary-janes and a cardigan sweater, a white shirt with a Peter Pan collar and a pageboy haircut.

BB: Was this archetype a conscious decision, or did it just evolve that way?

DH: I've been conditioned by so many different things—books, movies and so on. You find you have an empathy with something and when that feeling keeps happening, you realize it's a pattern and feel even more strongly towards it. I have more feeling towards this kind of schoolgirl than a Steven Spielberg schoolgirl.

BB: People who are familiar with your paintings remark about this displacement and innocence and dreaminess which we associate with childhood and nature. That's the feeling I get from the people in your paintings. They are not thinking about anything specific, but they always look like they've disappeared. The girl in the painting *Midway* seems as though she has mirrors in front of her eyes. She is looking within herself, instead of looking in front of herself.

THE ARCHITECTURE OF INNOCENCE

INTERVIEW BY BARRY BLINDERMAN



Boys of the Hudson, 1989, 78 x 50 inches



In the Shallows, 1989, 36 x 50 inches

A Sea of Faces: A Portrait Salon, City Without Walls, Newark, NI Three Landscape Painters, Center Gallery, Chicago Flames, Kamikaze, New York 1985 New Art, Modernism, San Francisco Inaugural Exhibition, Robbin Lockett Gallery, Chicago Forbidden Dreams, City Without Walls, Newark, NJ Trains and Planes, Jayne Baum Gallery, New York Photo Synthesis, One Penn Plaza, New York Fashion Moda Benefit, Ronald Feldman Gallery, New York 1985-86 The Figure in 20th Century American Art: Selections from the Metropolitan Museum of Art, traveling exhibition 1986 Oneiric, Semaphore Gallery, New York Short Stories, One Penn Plaza, New York New Romantics, Bridgewater Gallery, New York Selections from the E.F. Hutton Collection, Metropolitan Museum and Arts Center, Coral Gables, FL Drawings, Knight Gallery, Charlotte, NC Semaphoria, Semaphore East, NY The Embellishment of the Statue of Liberty, Barney's, NY 1987 Art Against AIDS, Phyllis Kind Gallery, New York Fire, Alexander Wood Gallery, New York The Self-Portrait, Robeson Center Gallery, Rutgers University, Newark, NJ Worlds Within, Semaphore Gallery, New York Movietone Muse, One Penn Plaza, New York Bar Hopping, HBO Headquarters, New York 1988 Rebop, Paula Allen Gallery, New York Interiors, Procter Art Center, Bard College, Annandale-on-Hudson, New York Blue, Jon Oulman Gallery, Minneapolis William Copley, Roger Brown, Duncan Hannah, Gloria Luria Gallery, Miami 1989 Art Works for WestPride, Apple Bank, New York Nicholas Africano, John Bowman and Duncan Hannah, Jon Oulman Gallery, Minneapolis Benefit for the Museum of Contemporary Art, Museum of Contemporary Art, Chicago

Auction for Action, Simon Watson Gallery, New York Diffa Auction, Bergdorf Goodman, New York

Jennifer Muller Benefit, Bess Cutler Gallery, New York

To My Valentine, Jon Oulman Gallery, Minneapolis

Museum, New York

New York

York

Benefit for the New Museum of Contemporary Art, The New

Benefit for the Carl Apfelschnitt Fund, Nicole Klagsbrun Gallery,

Amnesty International, Germans Van Eck, Blum Hellman, New

1990



Duncan Hannah, New York City, 1973

All works oil on canvas

Pepe Le Moko, 1977 24 x 19 inches courtesy Charles Cowles Gallery, New York

The Haunted Bookshop, 1979 25 x 25 inches collection of Conley Brooks, Jr., Minneapolis

Mediterranean, 1981 44 x 32 inches collection of R. Stephen Lynch, New York

Northern Lights, 1982 38 x 50 inches collection of John P. Arnhold, New York

Boulevard, 1982 50 x 36 inches collection of Conley Brooks, Jr., Minneapolis

Adventure, 1982 60 x 50 inches collection of Carol and Arthur Goldberg, New York

Night Flight, 1982 48 x 60 inches collection of Carol and Arthur Goldberg, New York

My Blue Heaven, 1982 54 x 60 inches courtesy of the artist

Solitaire, 1983 36 x 36 inches collection of John P. Arnhold, New York

Someone to Watch Over Me, 1983 40 x 30 inches collection of Chase Manhattan Bank, New York

Christmas, 1983 50 x 70 inches collection of Dr. Lloyd Harris and Jill Werman, New York

Mythic Times, 1985 48 x 60 inches collection of Flora and Sydney Biddle, New York

Midway, 1986 60 x 80 inches collection of Don and Denise Devine, Rumson, NJ Evening Shadows Fall, 1986 64 x 54 inches collection of Lita Hornick, New York

City of Cats, 1987 54 x 60 inches courtesy of the artist

Gare St. Lazare, 1987 50 x 66 inches courtesy of the artist

Homesick, 1987 36 x 54 inches collection of Tom von Sternberg, M.D. and Eve Parker, Minneapolis courtesy Jon Oulman Gallery, Minneapolis

Vagabondia, 1987 78 x 60 inches private collection

The Blue Staircase, 1987 60 x 48 inches collection of Phyllis Kind courtesy, Phyllis Kind Gallery

Swing, 1987 54 x 40 inches collection of Catherine Vance Thompson

The Middle of Nowhere, 1988 22 x 28 inches collection of Frederick W. Wackerle

André Derain, 1988 54 x 40 inches courtesy of the artist

Betrayal, 1989 54 x 54 inches collection of Harvey Schulweis, New York

Boys of the Hudson, 1989 78 x 50 inches courtesy Charles Cowles Gallery, New York

I Looked Up, 1989 60 x 44 inches courtesy Charles Cowles Gallery, New York

The Boy in the Tree, 1989 48 x 48 inches courtesy Charles Cowles Gallery, New York

CHECKLIST OF THE EXHIBITION





The Letter, 1983*, 44 x 48 inches collection of Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York



Lavender, 1989 60 x 44 inches collection of Richard Hedreen, Seattle

In the Shallows, 1989 36 x 50 inches courtesy Charles Cowles Gallery, New York

Ring Around the Rosie, 1989 78 x 60 inches courtesy Charles Cowles Gallery, New York

Crete, 1989 26 x 30 inches courtesy Charles Cowles Gallery, New York

Immortal, 1989 70 x 50 inches courtesy Charles Cowles Gallery, New York

Ash Wednesday, 1989 60 x 44 inches courtesy Charles Cowles Gallery, New York

Let the Moon Hang Low, 1990 34 x 26 inches courtesy Charles Cowles Gallery, New York